true or false

1. It is acceptable for an official to arrive at the arena 15 minutes prior to the start of the game.

2. When icing is completed, the front official will blow the whistle.

3. At the end of the game the officials don’t need to check the scoresheet for accuracy prior to signing the scoresheet.

4. The official conducting a face-off will get into position only after both teams are ready at the face-off location.

5. According to USA Hockey’s Standard of Play Initiative, lifting an opponent’s stick will always be a penalty.

6. The role of the official at lower levels of hockey is mostly that of a teacher.

7. At the lower age levels high sticking should always be a penalty. Even if it was accidental.

8. A goal should be disallowed if an attacking player was in the goal crease when the puck entered the goal.

9. An official should not put their whistle in their mouth until they are ready to stop play.

10. Only officials under the age of 18 are required to wear half-shield visors on their black hockey helmet.

11. When officials have to change direction on the ice, the preferred method is to turn facing the players’ benches.

12. When a goal is scored, the official will point in the direction of the player who scored.

13. The ready position for an official includes having the knees slightly bent.

14. Even if you officiated the previous game, you still need to visually inspect the playing area prior to the start of the next game.

15. In the two-official system, for a face-off at a neutral zone face-off spot (not center ice), the official NOT dropping the puck lines up directly across from the face-off on the neutral zone side of the blue line.

16. According to USA Hockey’s Standard of Play Initiative, players are entitled to the ice they occupy as long as they are able to maintain their own foot speed and body position between the puck and the opponent.

17. An official dropping the puck at a face-off should extend their arm out to present the puck prior to conducting the face-off.
18. The front official should check with their partner at least two times to see that the icing call is still on prior to blowing the whistle.

19. The referee should always look directly at the player to whom he/she is assessing a penalty.

20. In the two-official system, during an end zone face-off, the official not dropping the puck should be positioned about five feet inside the blue line and 10 feet from the boards.

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

21. In the two-official system, when play is in the neutral zone the officials should be:
   a. On opposite blue lines with one skate in each zone.
   b. On opposite blue lines with both skates in the neutral zone.
   c. On opposite blue lines with both skates in the attacking zone.

22. If a team ices the puck from its own defending zone, the puck is not touched by any player and does not enter the goal, completion of icing occurs when the puck:
   a. Completely crosses the goal line.
   b. Touches any part of the goal line.
   c. Crosses the imaginary line connecting the face-off spots in that end zone.

23. When should you immediately stop play for an injured player?
   a. At all times, even if the injury is minor.
   b. If the injury appears to be serious.
   c. Never. You must always wait until the injured player’s team has/gains possession of the puck.

24. After assessing a penalty shot, the official(s) should communicate what with the shooter and goalkeeper?
   a. Nothing. They should know what to do.
   b. The procedures and rules governing the penalty shot.
   c. Why a penalty shot was called.

25. In the two-official system, if your partner stops play for a frozen puck, you should:
   a. Go to the face-off location.
   b. Stand in your present location.
   c. Be aware of the player’s actions, then retrieve the puck and take it to your partner.

26. During a potential icing situation, a defending player is able to play the puck before it crosses the goal line. Whose responsibility is it to wave off the potential icing?
   a. Either official.
   b. The front official.
   c. The back official that initiated the potential icing call.

27. In the two-official system, play is around the goal and your partner is on the goal line. Where should you be positioned?
   a. At the closer blue line, on the opposite side of the ice from your partner.
   b. At the closer blue line, on the same side of the ice as your partner.
   c. Around the center red line.

28. Which of the following is an illegal play according to USA Hockey’s Standard of Play Initiative?
   a. Poking the glove of an opponent with the stick, preventing the player from being able to shoot the puck.
   b. Both a and c.
   c. Using the free arm to maintain their body position while carrying the puck.

29. When communicating with a coach or player, avoid which of the following?
   a. Lengthy in-depth conversations.
   b. A calm and soft spoken manner.
   c. Supporting your partner and admitting mistakes.

30. In the two-official system, during the postgame handshake the officials should be positioned:
   a. One on each side of the handshake line toward each end of the line.
   b. Both on the players bench side toward each end of the line.
   c. Both in the referee’s crease.
2014-15 LEVEL 2 CLOSED BOOK EXAM

ANSWER KEY

1. False – BM 9
2. True – BM 36
3. False – BM 65
4. False – BM 11
5. False – SOP
6. True – BM 50
7. True – BM 50
8. True – Rules 617(c.4) & 625(b)
9. True – BM 44
10. False – BM 1
11. False – BM 6
12. False – BM 46
13. True – BM 6
14. True – BM 10
15. False – BM 28
16. True – SOP
17. False – BM 11
18. True – BM 36
19. False – BM 43
20. True – BM 28
21. C – BM 28
22. A – BM 38
23. B – BM 53
24. B – BM 61 & 62
25. C – BM 30
26. B – BM 38
27. A – BM 27
28. A – SOP
29. A – BM 67
30. A – BM 29 & 64